

A Service of

ZBW

Leibniz-Informationszentrum Wirtschaft Leibniz Information Centre for Economics

DIW Berlin / SOEP (Ed.)

### Research Report SOEP 2012 - Documentation of the household-related meta-dataset HPFAD for SOEP v29

SOEP Survey Papers, No. 152

**Provided in Cooperation with:** German Institute for Economic Research (DIW Berlin)

*Suggested Citation:* DIW Berlin / SOEP (Ed.) (2013) : SOEP 2012 - Documentation of the householdrelated meta-dataset HPFAD for SOEP v29, SOEP Survey Papers, No. 152, Deutsches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung (DIW), Berlin

This Version is available at: https://hdl.handle.net/10419/88775

#### Standard-Nutzungsbedingungen:

Die Dokumente auf EconStor dürfen zu eigenen wissenschaftlichen Zwecken und zum Privatgebrauch gespeichert und kopiert werden.

Sie dürfen die Dokumente nicht für öffentliche oder kommerzielle Zwecke vervielfältigen, öffentlich ausstellen, öffentlich zugänglich machen, vertreiben oder anderweitig nutzen.

Sofern die Verfasser die Dokumente unter Open-Content-Lizenzen (insbesondere CC-Lizenzen) zur Verfügung gestellt haben sollten, gelten abweichend von diesen Nutzungsbedingungen die in der dort genannten Lizenz gewährten Nutzungsrechte.

#### Terms of use:

Documents in EconStor may be saved and copied for your personal and scholarly purposes.

You are not to copy documents for public or commercial purposes, to exhibit the documents publicly, to make them publicly available on the internet, or to distribute or otherwise use the documents in public.

If the documents have been made available under an Open Content Licence (especially Creative Commons Licences), you may exercise further usage rights as specified in the indicated licence.



## WWW.ECONSTOR.EU



## **SOEP Survey Papers**

Series D - Variable Description and Coding

SOEP - The German Socio-Economic Panel Study at DIW Berlin

52

## SOEP 2012 – Documentation of the Household-related Meta-dataset HPFAD for SOEP v29

SOEP Group



Running since 1984, the German Socio-Economic Panel Study (SOEP) is a wide-ranging representative longitudinal study of private households, located at the German Institute for Economic Research, DIW Berlin.

The aim of the SOEP Survey Papers Series is to thoroughly document the survey's data collection and data processing.

The SOEP Survey Papers is comprised of the following series:

- Series A Survey Instruments (Erhebungsinstrumente)
- Series B Survey Reports (Methodenberichte)
- Series C Data Documentations (Datendokumentationen)
- Series D Variable Descriptions and Coding
- Series E SOEPmonitors
- Series F SOEP Newsletters
- Series G General Issues and Teaching Materials

The SOEP Survey Papers are available at http://www.diw.de/soepsurveypapers

#### **Editors:**

Prof. Dr. Gert G. Wagner, DIW Berlin and Technische Universität Berlin Prof. Dr. Jürgen Schupp, DIW Berlin and Freie Universität Berlin

Please cite this paper as follows:

SOEP Group 2013. SOEP 2012 – Documentation of the Household-related Meta-dataset HPFAD for SOEP v29. SOEP Survey Papers 152: Series D. Berlin: DIW/SOEP

ISSN: 2193-5580 (online)

Contact: DIW Berlin SOEP Mohrenstr. 58 10117 Berlin

Email: soeppapers@diw.de

**SOEP GROUP** 

# SOEP 2012 – DOCUMENTATION OF THE HOUSEHOLD-RELATED META-DATASET HPFAD FOR SOEP v29

Berlin, 2013

DOI: <u>10.5684/soep.v29</u>

#### **General information**

This dataset is designed to assist in linking data from different waves for the substantive evaluation of household level data. This dataset includes all households that ever had contact with SOEP in any wave up to the present. Thus a household interview does not necessarily have to have taken place; it is enough to simply have appeared once in any one of the "\$HBRUTTO" household datasets. The only sorting key (SORT-ID) is the current household number (HHNRAKT). While "old" households retain their old HHNRAKT in case of a move, "new" panel households (e.g. formed by members of an existing panel HH that have moved into a new HH) receive a different HHNRAKT upon their first interview depending on the particular wave. The variables AHHNR, BHHNR, CHHNR etc. also contain the current HH number if the HH was also entered in the gross data in the respective wave. In any other case, the variable \$HHNR is "missing", which then helps to prevent mistakes in linking household level data across time. The variables AHNETTO, BHNETTO etc., also give information on whether it was possible to carry out a HH interview and whether it would pay off to create a link to the corresponding data in that wave's \$H file.

For more information, please contact:

Peter Krause (Tel. 030-89789-690) pkrause@diw.de

#### List of variables:

\$HHNR	Household number \$\$\$\$	4
\$HNETTO	Wave survey status \$\$\$\$	5
\$SAMPREG	Current wave sample reason \$\$\$\$	6
HSAMPLE	Sample member	7
\$HPOP	Sample membership \$\$\$\$	8

#### \$HHNR -- Household number \$\$\$\$

Var Label : \$HHNR Household number \$\$\$\$ \$ - Wave : \$=A..Z, BA, BC \$\$\$\$ - year : \$\$=1984..2012 Var format : \$HHNR (I6)

### **\$HNETTO --** Wave survey status \$\$\$\$

Var Label Value Label Var format \$ - wave \$\$\$\$ - year	<ul> <li>\$HNETTO (1) successful household interview (2) HH in Brutto only</li> <li>\$HNETTO (11)</li> <li>\$=A Z, BA, BC</li> </ul>				
Comment:	Wave-specific survey status: for \$HNETTO=1 there is a HH interview in the respective year, i.e. an entry in the file \$H. For \$HNETTO=2 there is only an entry in the file \$HBRUTTO, but the HH could not be interviewed (the reason for which is given by the variable \$HERGS in the file \$HBRUTTO).				

#### **\$SAMPREG** -- Current wave sample reason \$\$\$\$

Var Label	:	\$SAMPREG Current wave sample reason \$\$\$	\$
Value Label	:	\$SAMPREG (1) West Germany (former FRG)'	
		(2) East Germany (former GDR)'	
\$ - Wave	:	\$=G Z, BA, BC	
\$\$\$\$ - Jahr	:	\$\$=19902012	
Var format	:	\$SAMPREG (I2)	

Comment: The first East survey (1990=Wave G) of SOEP led to an expansion of the survey area beyond the West sample that was carried out up to 1984. In connection with the SOEP concept of following SOEP respondents continuously from one year to the next, explicitly reflecting spatial mobility, households that leave the "area" of the original sample (former Federal Republic of Germany, within the borders existing up to 3 October 1990 for Samples A and B, or for the former GDR for Sample C) and continue to take part in SOEP are interviewed at their new address. Because of this interregional mobility between West and East Germany, which has been registered in SOEP since the second East wave (1991=Wave H), using the original sample number (which does not change over time) to distinguish households produces increasingly biased results for analyses differentiating between households in East and West Germany (Variable HSAMPLE; here H for "household" in comparison to PSAMPLE in the file PPFAD for "person"). The wave-specific variable \$SAMPREG thus tells whether a HH was living in West or East Germany in the respective year. Starting with wave H (1991) the time-independent variables HSAMPLE and PSAMPLE should \*not\* be used for differentiating East and West Germany !!!

For more information, please contact:

Peter Krause (Tel. 030-89789-690)

#### **HSAMPLE--** Sample member

Var Label	:	HSAMPLE	Sample member
Value Label	:	HSAMPLE	(1) 'A German (West)'
			(2) 'B Foreigner (West)'
			(3) 'C German (East)'
			(4) 'D Immigrant 1984-1993'
			(5) 'E Supplementary sample 1998'
			(6) 'F Innovation sample 2000'
			(7) 'G High-income sample 2002'
			(8) 'H Refreshment 2006'
			(9) 'I Incentivation sample 2009'
			(10)'J Increase 2011'
			(11)'J Increase 2012'
Var format	:	HSAMPLE	(I2)
Comment:	tl	0 0	sample membership at first contact with SOEP (at f selection of the original household into the

### **\$HPOP** -- Sample membership \$\$\$\$

Var Label Value Label	
\$\$\$\$ - year	: \$=A Z, BA, BC : \$\$\$\$=19842012 : \$HPOP (I2)
Comment:	<pre>\$POP was derived from \$WUM2 (in \$HBRUTTO diffentiating private from institutional households) as well as \$PNAT and \$STELL (nationality and relationship to HH head in \$PBRUTTO). Missing values are imputed taking into account respondent's history. Thus the only admissible missing value is "-2", which means "does not apply". The variable is therefore of particular importance, as it is used to compute cross-sectional weights. The variable corresponds with \$POP in PPFAD.</pre>