

Make Your Publications Visible.

A Service of



Leibniz-Informationszentrum Wirtschaft Leibniz Information Centre

Lahoti, Rahul; Abraham, Rosa; Swaminathan, Hema

# **Working Paper**

Marriage, motherhood, and women's employment in rural India

ADB Economics Working Paper Series, No. 757

## **Provided in Cooperation with:**

Asian Development Bank (ADB), Manila

Suggested Citation: Lahoti, Rahul; Abraham, Rosa; Swaminathan, Hema (2024): Marriage, motherhood, and women's employment in rural India, ADB Economics Working Paper Series, No. 757, Asian Development Bank (ADB), Manila, https://doi.org/10.22617/WPS240568-2

This Version is available at: https://hdl.handle.net/10419/310396

## Standard-Nutzungsbedingungen:

Die Dokumente auf EconStor dürfen zu eigenen wissenschaftlichen Zwecken und zum Privatgebrauch gespeichert und kopiert werden.

Sie dürfen die Dokumente nicht für öffentliche oder kommerzielle Zwecke vervielfältigen, öffentlich ausstellen, öffentlich zugänglich machen, vertreiben oder anderweitig nutzen.

Sofern die Verfasser die Dokumente unter Open-Content-Lizenzen (insbesondere CC-Lizenzen) zur Verfügung gestellt haben sollten, gelten abweichend von diesen Nutzungsbedingungen die in der dort genannten Lizenz gewährten Nutzungsrechte.



https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/igo/

#### Terms of use:

Documents in EconStor may be saved and copied for your personal and scholarly purposes.

You are not to copy documents for public or commercial purposes, to exhibit the documents publicly, to make them publicly available on the internet, or to distribute or otherwise use the documents in public.

If the documents have been made available under an Open Content Licence (especially Creative Commons Licences), you may exercise further usage rights as specified in the indicated licence.



# **APPENDIX**

# Marriage, Motherhood, and Women's Employment in Rural India

Rahul Lahoti, Rosa Abraham, and Hema Swaminathan

ADB Economics Working Paper No. 757

December 2024

Table A1 Age at Key Events and Employment Statistics Across Select Countries

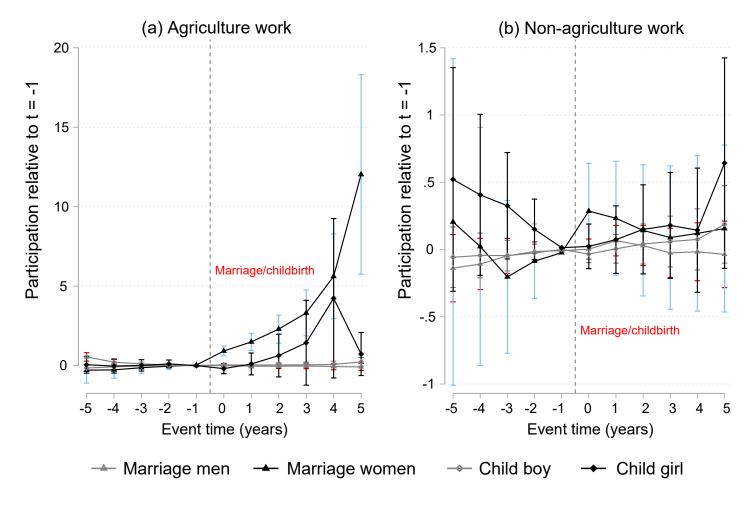
Countries	Median age at first marriage (25-49 years)	Median age at first birth	Female employment to pop ratio (15+)	Female informal employment ) (% of total female employment)	Employment in agriculture, female (% of female employment)
South Asia					_
Bangladesh	16	18.3	30.5	96.6	63.4
Pakistan	20.4	22.8	21.8	92.2	73.2
Nepal	17.9	20.4	78.4	87.3	75.9
India	18.9	21.2	20.2	89.4	57.2
East and Sout	theast Asia				
PRC	26.3*	26.9*	59.7	37.2	24.2
Indonesia	20.8	22.9	48.8	81.6	30.1
Africa					
Nigeria	19.1	20.4	44.2	95.0	25.6
South Africa	27.2*	21.2	34.5	43.9	3.9
Ghana	20.7	22.6	60.2	78.8	26.3
Tanzania	19.2	19.8	77.7	95.9	69.1
Latin America	1				
Brazil	27.1*	26.9*	46.1	36.5	4.7
Chile	26.7*	28.5*	46.7	27.9	4.9
Developed co	untries				
United States	28.6	30	53.3		0.8
Germany	32.1*	29.9*	52.7		0.9
Denmark	32.9*	29.8*	53.8		0.9

PRC = People's Republic of China.

Notes: \* refers mean age figures when median age were unavailable. Median age of marriage and first childbirth refer to those from 15-49 age group.

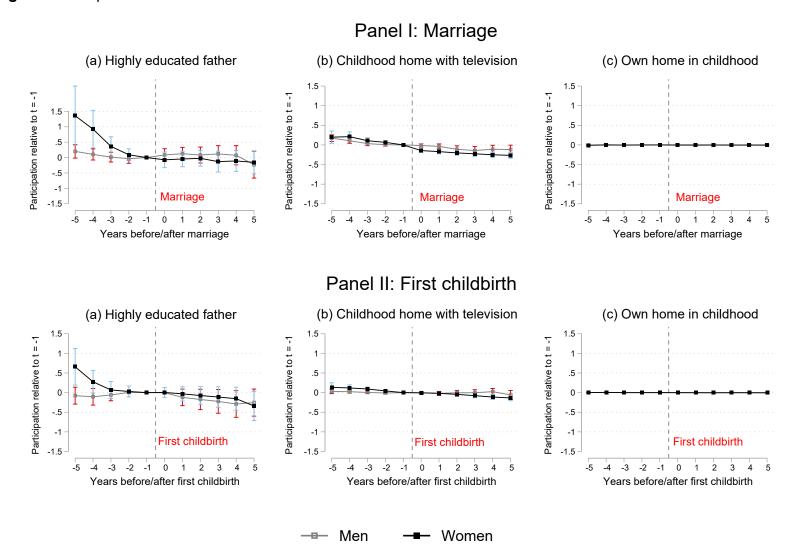
Sources: The median age is obtained from the latest year for which Demographic and Health Surveys data is available for the country, except for the United States (US). Mean age at marriage and childbirth unless otherwise mentioned is obtained from UNECE. Median age at first birth for the US is obtained from US Census 2019. Age of marriage and first birth for the PRC is reported from (He et al., 2019). Employment to population ratio (female) and employment in agriculture is from World Development Indicators for the latest year. Female informal employment is the share of informal employment in total employment (SDG Indicator 8.3.1) obtained from ILO. For the PRC data on female informal employment is reported from Liang et al. (2016).

Figure A1: Impact on Sector of Employment



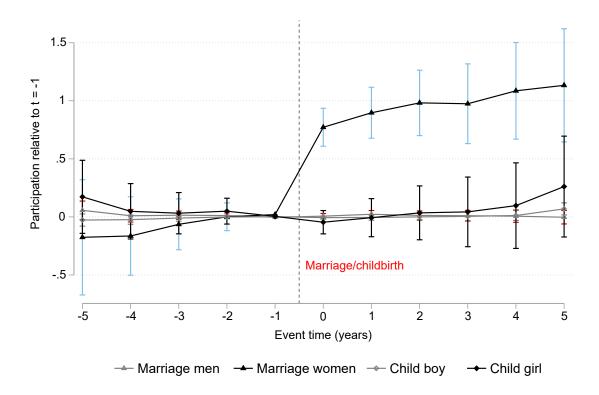
Note: This figure shows, for men and women separately, the estimated impacts of marriage/childbirth on the work participation rate for each sector of work. The y-axis shows the scaled coefficients  $P_{\tau}$  that measure the impact of the event as a percentage of the counterfactual outcome relative to the year before the event. Refer to Figure 3 for the list of controls. Standard errors are clustered at the individual level.

Figure A2: Impact on Predetermined Variables



ယ

**Figure A3:** Impact of Life Events on Workforce Participation (sample with all 5 years' information post-marriage and childbirth)



**Figure A4:** Impact of Life Events on Workforce Participation (model with additional controls)

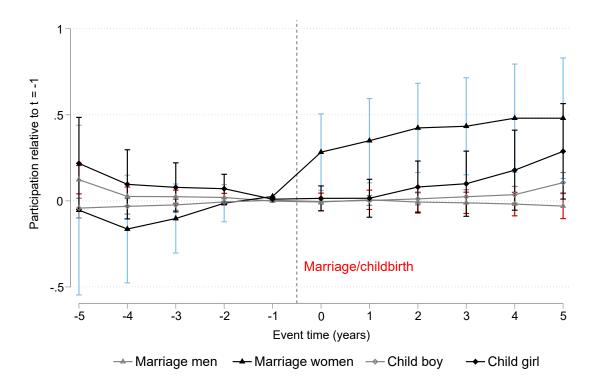


Figure A5: Impact of Life Events on Workforce Participation—Karnataka and Rajasthan

