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Article — Published Version

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Scientific Reports

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Suggested Citation: Mohr, Peter N. C.; Heekeren, Hauke R.; Rieskamp, Jörg (2017) : Attraction Effect in Risky Choice Can Be Explained by Subjective Distance Between Choice Alternatives, Scientific Reports, ISSN 2045-2322, Springer Nature, London, Vol. 7, pp. 1-10,
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-017-06968-5>

This Version is available at:

<https://hdl.handle.net/10419/209695>

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Attraction Effect in Risky Choice Can Be Explained by Subjective Distance Between Choice Alternatives

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Classification:

Biological sciences; Neuroscience; Reward

Supplementary Information

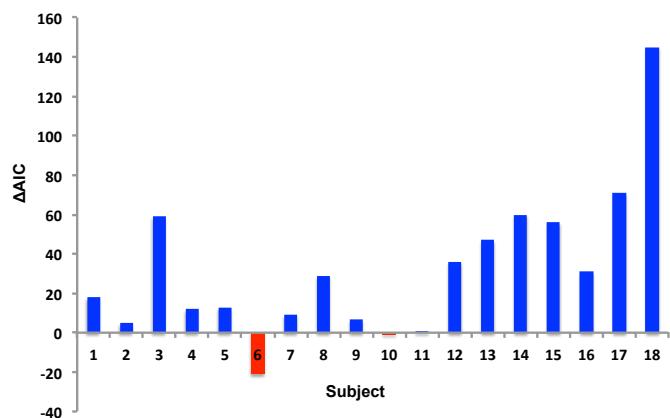


Figure S1. Relative model fit. Blue bars denote subjects with a lower AIC score for MDFT. Red bars describe subjects with a lower AIC score for EUT.

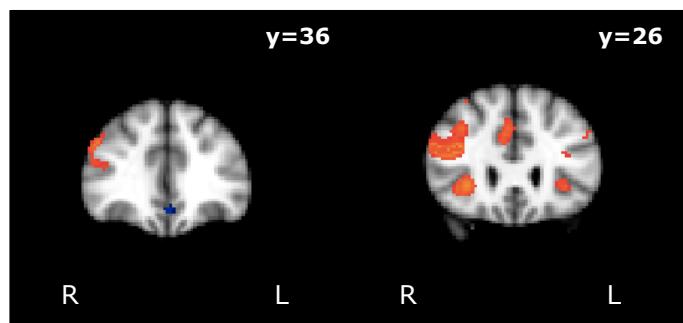


Figure S2. FMRI Results. Comparison between brain activity in the decoy condition and the basic condition (GLM1). Higher BOLD signal ($z>3.1$; cluster size > 50) in the decoy condition in DMPFC, DLPFC, and aINS (all displayed in red). Lower BOLD signal ($z>3.1$; cluster size > 50) in the decoy condition in mOFC/VMPFC (displayed in blue).