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## Battle for the thermostat: Gender and the effect of temperature on cognitive performance

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**S2 Table. OLS estimates of the impact of temperature on error rates by gender**

	(1)	(2)
<u>Error Rate</u>		
<i>Temperature</i>	-0.0017+ [0.0009]	
<i>Male * Temperature</i>	0.0012 [0.0012]	
<i>Temperature &lt; 20</i>		0.0144 [0.0135]
<i>Temperature 25 to 30</i>		-0.0234 [0.0180]
<i>Temperature &gt; 30</i>		-0.0040 [0.0105]
<i>Male * Temperature &lt; 20</i>		0.0110 [0.0175]
<i>Male * Temperature 25 to 30</i>		0.0375 [0.0288]
<i>Male * Temperature &gt; 30</i>		0.0206 [0.0133]
<i>Male</i>	-0.0438 [0.0300]	-0.0293** [0.0099]
R-squared	0.0098	0.0171
Observations	542	542

The table presents OLS regression results. Column 1 uses linear temperature as the independent variable; Column 2 uses temperature bin dummies (less than 20, 25-30, and more than 30 degrees Celsius) with the range of 20-25 degrees Celsius as the reference group. Standard errors in brackets are clustered on experimental session. A plus sign by an estimate indicates statistical significance at the 10-percent level, one asterisk at the 5-percent level, and two asterisks at the 1-percent level.